

## Gradient Investments, LLC: Structured Note Addendum to Investment Proposal & Contract

Portfolio:	Designed Income	CUSIP:	61780EUC9	
Description:	Callable Cont. Income Security	Underwriter:	Morgan Stanley	
Index (Indices):	Lesser of S&P 500, Dow Jones Industrial, and Nasdaq 100 index			
Type of Protection:	Barrier	Level of Protection:	40%	
Callable Offering:	Yes (no call for 1 year)	Cap:	N/A	Participation Rate: N/A
Call Feature:	Issuer Call	Maturity Length:	36 mos	
Coupon Rate and Frequency:	7.95% / Monthly	Coupon Barrier:	40%	
Funding Deadline Date:	3/3/2026	Execution Date:	3/6/2026	
Valuation Date:	3/6/2029	Settlement Date:	3/9/2029	

1. The final cap rate or coupon rate will be determined on the execution date and will be disclosed on the final prospectus. Final rates will be at or above the stated levels and dependent on market conditions during the offering period.
2. Liquidations prior to maturity are completed at the current net asset value (NAV) and are subject to a custodial liquidation charge. This charge is currently \$1 per unit with a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$250.
3. Structured notes intra-period pricing may not correlate with the price return of the index.
4. Structured notes are subject to the credit risk of the underwriter.
5. Structured notes that use lesser performing return for multiple indices dictates that performance of the offering will be based on the index that provides the lesser of return during the pre-determined timeframe.
6. Structured notes that use dual directional structures dictate that if index performance is negative, but not below the buffer level, the return will be the absolute value (or inverse) of the index return.
7. Structured notes may use barrier or buffered levels of protection. If the value of the index is below the threshold at the observation date, the investor may participate in loss. With a buffer, the investor participates in loss 1 for 1 after the buffered level of protection. With a barrier, the investor participates in the FULL decline of the index if below the barrier level.
8. Structured notes that pay coupons may be subject to coupon barriers. If the index value is at or above the stated threshold, the coupon payment is made. If the index value is below the stated threshold, the coupon is forfeited.
9. Structured notes may be subject to a call provision. Auto callable notes are subject to mandatory call if pre-determined criteria are met. Issuer callable notes can be called at issuer discretion. Notes with call features are only callable on observation dates listed in the prospectus. If called, the position expires, and full principal is returned.
10. If demand for the offering size is not met, the offering is subject to cancellation.
11. Investments in structured products must be limited to 50% of a client's liquid net worth.
12. Structured notes that use 100% principal protection will be treated as ordinary income. Investors may be required to pay a portion of tax before maturity, even if they have not received any cash payments.

Check box if client is currently invested in a matured/called structured note and using proceeds in the current offering.

Account #	Sleeve # (if applicable)	Account Type	Account Balance to Invest	
			<input type="checkbox"/> Full	<input type="checkbox"/> Partial \$
			<input type="checkbox"/> Full	<input type="checkbox"/> Partial \$
			<input type="checkbox"/> Full	<input type="checkbox"/> Partial \$

By signing below, the client acknowledges receipt of this structured note pre-pricing document. In addition, client acknowledges the investment outcome terms and risks involved with structured notes as spelled out in the pricing documents.

**The client also acknowledges that their investment in structured notes, in aggregate, is no more than 45% of their Liquid Net Worth.** Liquid Net Worth is defined as net worth minus assets that cannot be quickly and easily converted into cash, including but not limited to, real estate, business equity, personal property, automobiles, expected inheritances, assets earmarked for other purposes, and investments or accounts subject to substantial penalties, fees or charges due to early sale or withdrawal.

Accepted and agreed to as of:

Client Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

2<sup>nd</sup> Client Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

## STRUCTURED INVESTMENTS

### Callable Contingent Income Securities due March 9, 2029

Based on the Worst Performing of the Dow Jones Industrial Average<sup>SM</sup>, the Nasdaq-100 Index<sup>®</sup> and the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by Morgan Stanley  
Principal at Risk Securities

- The securities are unsecured obligations of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC ("MSFL") and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Morgan Stanley. The securities have the terms described in the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus, as supplemented or modified by this document. The securities do not guarantee the repayment of principal and do not provide for the regular payment of interest.
- Contingent coupon.** The securities will pay a contingent coupon **but only if** the closing level of **each** underlier is **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level on the related observation date. However, if the closing level of **any** underlier is **less than** its coupon barrier level on any observation date, we will pay no interest with respect to the related interest period.
- Call feature.** We will redeem the securities on any redemption date for a redemption payment equal to the stated principal amount *plus* any contingent coupon otherwise due with respect to the related interest period, if and only if the output of a risk neutral valuation model on a business day, as selected by the calculation agent, that is no earlier than three business days before the observation date preceding such redemption date and no later than such observation date, based on the inputs indicated under "Call feature" below, indicates that redeeming on such date is economically rational for us as compared to not redeeming on such date. An early redemption of the securities will not automatically occur based on the performance of the underliers. No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed.
- Payment at maturity.** If the securities have not been redeemed prior to maturity and the final level of **each** underlier is **greater than or equal to** its downside threshold level, investors will receive (in addition to the contingent coupon with respect to the final observation date, if payable) the stated principal amount at maturity. If, however, the final level of **any** underlier is **less than** its downside threshold level, investors will lose 1% for every 1% decline in the level of the worst performing underlier over the term of the securities. **Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be significantly less than the stated principal amount and could be zero.**
- The value of the securities is based on the worst performing underlier.** The fact that the securities are linked to more than one underlier does not provide any asset diversification benefits and instead means that a decline in the level of **any** underlier beyond its coupon barrier level and/or downside threshold level will adversely affect your return on the securities, even if the other underliers have appreciated or have not declined as much.
- The securities are for investors who seek an opportunity to earn interest at a potentially above-market rate in exchange for the risk of losing a significant portion or all of their principal, the risk of receiving no coupons over the entire term of the securities and the risk of an early redemption of the securities based on the output of a risk neutral valuation model. You will not participate in any appreciation of any underlier. **Investors in the securities must be willing to accept the risk of losing their entire initial investment based on the performance of any underlier.** The securities are notes issued as part of MSFL's Series A Global Medium-Term Notes program.
- All payments are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations, you could lose some or all of your investment. These securities are not secured obligations and you will not have any security interest in, or otherwise have any access to, any underlying reference asset or assets.**

#### TERMS

<b>Issuer:</b>	Morgan Stanley Finance LLC
<b>Guarantor:</b>	Morgan Stanley
<b>Stated principal amount:</b>	\$1,000 per security
<b>Issue price:</b>	\$1,000 per security (see "Commissions and issue price" below)
<b>Aggregate principal amount:</b>	\$
<b>Underliers:</b>	Dow Jones Industrial Average <sup>SM</sup> (the "INDU Index"), Nasdaq-100 Index <sup>®</sup> (the "NDX Index") and S&P 500 <sup>®</sup> Index (the "SPX Index"). We refer to each of the INDU Index, the NDX Index and the SPX Index as an underlying index.
<b>Strike date:</b>	March 6, 2026
<b>Pricing date:</b>	March 6, 2026
<b>Original issue date:</b>	March 11, 2026
<b>Final observation date:</b>	March 6, 2029, subject to postponement for non-trading days and certain market disruption events
<b>Maturity date:</b>	March 9, 2029

*Terms continued on the following page*

<b>Agent:</b>	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("MS & Co."), an affiliate of MSFL and a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. See "Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest."
<b>Estimated value on the pricing date:</b>	Approximately \$986.50 per security, or within \$45.00 of that estimate. See "Estimated Value of the Securities" on page 4.

<b>Commissions and issue price:</b>	<b>Price to public</b>	<b>Agent's commissions and fees<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>	<b>Proceeds to us<sup>(3)</sup></b>
<b>Per security</b>	\$1,000	\$	\$
<b>Total</b>	\$	\$	\$

- The securities will be sold only to investors purchasing the securities in fee-based advisory accounts.
- MS & Co. expects to sell all of the securities that it purchases from us to an unaffiliated dealer at a price of \$ per security, for further sale to certain fee-based advisory accounts at the price to public of \$1,000 per security. MS & Co. will not receive a sales commission with respect to the securities. See "Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest." For additional information, see "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the accompanying product supplement.
- See "Use of Proceeds and Hedging" in the accompanying product supplement.

**The securities involve risks not associated with an investment in ordinary debt securities. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 8.** The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these securities, or determined if this document or the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank. You should read this document together with the related product supplement, index supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed via the hyperlinks below. When you read the accompanying index supplement, please note that all references in such supplement to the prospectus dated November 16, 2023, or to any sections therein, should refer instead to the accompanying prospectus dated April 12, 2024 or to the corresponding sections of such prospectus, as applicable. Please also see "Additional Terms of the Securities" and "Additional Information About the Securities" at the end of this document. References to "we," "us" and "our" refer to Morgan Stanley or MSFL, or Morgan Stanley and MSFL collectively, as the context requires.

[Product Supplement for Principal at Risk Securities dated February 7, 2025](#) [Index Supplement dated November 16, 2023](#)  
[Prospectus dated April 12, 2024](#)

Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

Terms continued from the previous page

<b>Call feature:</b>	The securities are not subject to early redemption until the first redemption date. Beginning on the first redemption date, an early redemption, in whole but not in part, will occur on a redemption date for the redemption payment if and only if the output of a risk neutral valuation model on a business day, as selected by the calculation agent, that is no earlier than three business days before the observation date preceding such redemption date and no later than such observation date (the “determination date”), taking as input: (i) prevailing reference market levels, volatilities and correlations, as applicable and in each case as of the determination date and (ii) Morgan Stanley’s credit spreads as of the pricing date, indicates that redeeming on such date is economically rational for us as compared to not redeeming on such date. If we call the securities, we will give you notice no later than the observation date preceding the redemption date specified in the notice. No further payments will be made on the securities once they have been redeemed.
<b>First redemption date:</b>	March 11, 2027. Under no circumstances will the securities be redeemed prior to the first redemption date.
<b>Redemption dates:</b>	March 11, 2027, April 9, 2027, May 11, 2027, June 10, 2027, July 9, 2027, August 11, 2027, September 10, 2027, October 12, 2027, November 12, 2027, December 9, 2027, January 11, 2028, February 10, 2028, March 9, 2028, April 11, 2028, May 11, 2028, June 9, 2028, July 11, 2028, August 10, 2028, September 11, 2028, October 12, 2028, November 9, 2028, December 11, 2028, January 11, 2029 and February 9, 2029
<b>Redemption payment:</b>	The stated principal amount <i>plus</i> any contingent coupon otherwise due with respect to the relevant interest period
<b>Observation dates:</b>	As set forth under “Observation Dates and Coupon Payment Dates” below, subject to postponement for non-trading days and certain market disruption events.
<b>Contingent coupon:</b>	A <i>contingent</i> coupon at an annual rate of <b>7.95%</b> will be paid on the securities on each coupon payment date <b>but only if</b> the closing level of each underlier is <b>greater than or equal to</b> its coupon barrier level on the related observation date. <b>If, on any observation date, the closing level of any underlier is less than its coupon barrier level, we will pay no coupon with respect to the applicable interest period.</b>
<b>Coupon payment dates:</b>	As set forth under “Observation Dates and Coupon Payment Dates” below. If any coupon payment date is not a business day, the coupon payment with respect to such date, if any, will be made on the next succeeding business day and no adjustment will be made to any coupon payment made on that succeeding business day. The coupon payment, if any, with respect to the final observation date shall be made on the maturity date.
<b>Coupon barrier level:</b>	With respect to the INDU Index, _____, which is 60% of its initial level With respect to the NDX Index, _____, which is 60% of its initial level With respect to the SPX Index, _____, which is 60% of its initial level
<b>Payment at maturity per security:</b>	If the securities have not been redeemed prior to maturity, investors will receive (in addition to the contingent coupon with respect to the final observation date, if payable) a payment at maturity determined as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the final level of <b>each</b> underlier is <b>greater than or equal to</b> its downside threshold level: stated principal amount</li> <li>• If the final level of <b>any</b> underlier is <b>less than</b> its downside threshold level: stated principal amount × performance factor of the worst performing underlier</li> </ul> <i>Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be significantly less than the stated principal amount and could be zero.</i>
<b>Final level:</b>	With respect to each underlier, the closing level on the final observation date
<b>Downside threshold level:</b>	With respect to the INDU Index, _____, which is 60% of its initial level With respect to the NDX Index, _____, which is 60% of its initial level With respect to the SPX Index, _____, which is 60% of its initial level
<b>Performance factor:</b>	With respect to each underlier, final level / initial level
<b>Worst performing underlier:</b>	The underlier with the lowest percentage return from its initial level to its final level
<b>Initial level:</b>	With respect to the INDU Index, _____, which is its closing level on the strike date With respect to the NDX Index, _____, which is its closing level on the strike date With respect to the SPX Index, _____, which is its closing level on the strike date
<b>CUSIP:</b>	61780EUC9
<b>ISIN:</b>	US61780EUC91
<b>Listing:</b>	The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Observation Dates and Coupon Payment Dates

Observation Dates	Coupon Payment Dates
April 6, 2026	April 9, 2026
May 6, 2026	May 11, 2026
June 8, 2026	June 11, 2026
July 6, 2026	July 9, 2026
August 6, 2026	August 11, 2026
September 8, 2026	September 11, 2026
October 6, 2026	October 9, 2026
November 6, 2026	November 12, 2026

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

Observation Dates	Coupon Payment Dates
December 7, 2026	December 10, 2026
January 6, 2027	January 11, 2027
February 8, 2027	February 11, 2027
March 8, 2027	March 11, 2027
April 6, 2027	April 9, 2027
May 6, 2027	May 11, 2027
June 7, 2027	June 10, 2027
July 6, 2027	July 9, 2027
August 6, 2027	August 11, 2027
September 7, 2027	September 10, 2027
October 6, 2027	October 12, 2027
November 8, 2027	November 12, 2027
December 6, 2027	December 9, 2027
January 6, 2028	January 11, 2028
February 7, 2028	February 10, 2028
March 6, 2028	March 9, 2028
April 6, 2028	April 11, 2028
May 8, 2028	May 11, 2028
June 6, 2028	June 9, 2028
July 6, 2028	July 11, 2028
August 7, 2028	August 10, 2028
September 6, 2028	September 11, 2028
October 6, 2028	October 12, 2028
November 6, 2028	November 9, 2028
December 6, 2028	December 11, 2028
January 8, 2029	January 11, 2029
February 6, 2029	February 9, 2029
March 6, 2029 (final observation date)	March 9, 2029 (maturity date)

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

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## Estimated Value of the Securities

The original issue price of each security is \$1,000. This price includes costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities, which are borne by you, and, consequently, the estimated value of the securities on the pricing date will be less than \$1,000. Our estimate of the value of the securities as determined on the pricing date will be within the range specified on the cover hereof and will be set forth on the cover of the final pricing supplement.

*What goes into the estimated value on the pricing date?*

In valuing the securities on the pricing date, we take into account that the securities comprise both a debt component and a performance-based component linked to the underliers. The estimated value of the securities is determined using our own pricing and valuation models, market inputs and assumptions relating to the underliers, instruments based on the underliers, volatility and other factors including current and expected interest rates, as well as an interest rate related to our secondary market credit spread, which is the implied interest rate at which our conventional fixed rate debt trades in the secondary market.

*What determines the economic terms of the securities?*

In determining the economic terms of the securities, we use an internal funding rate, which is likely to be lower than our secondary market credit spreads and therefore advantageous to us. If the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging costs borne by you were lower or if the internal funding rate were higher, one or more of the economic terms of the securities would be more favorable to you.

*What is the relationship between the estimated value on the pricing date and the secondary market price of the securities?*

The price at which MS & Co. purchases the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underliers, may vary from, and be lower than, the estimated value on the pricing date, because the secondary market price takes into account our secondary market credit spread as well as the bid-offer spread that MS & Co. would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type and other factors. However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the securities in the secondary market during the amortization period specified herein, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underliers, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value. We expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities, and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time.

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

## Hypothetical Examples

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how to determine whether a contingent coupon is payable with respect to an observation date and how to calculate the payment at maturity if we do not redeem the securities based on the output of a risk neutral valuation model prior to maturity. The following examples are for illustrative purposes only. Whether you receive a contingent coupon will be determined by reference to the closing level of each underlier on each observation date. The payment at maturity will be determined by reference to the closing level of each underlier on the final observation date. The actual initial level, coupon barrier level and downside threshold level for each underlier will be determined on the strike date. All payments on the securities are subject to our credit risk. The numbers in the hypothetical examples below may have been rounded for ease of analysis. The below examples are based on the following terms:

<b>Stated principal amount:</b>	\$1,000 per security
<b>Hypothetical initial level:</b>	With respect to the INDU Index, 100.00* With respect to the NDX Index, 100.00* With respect to the SPX Index, 100.00*
<b>Hypothetical coupon barrier level:</b>	With respect to the INDU Index, 60.00, which is 60% of its hypothetical initial level With respect to the NDX Index, 60.00, which is 60% of its hypothetical initial level With respect to the SPX Index, 60.00, which is 60% of its hypothetical initial level
<b>Hypothetical downside threshold level:</b>	With respect to the INDU Index, 60.00, which is 60% of its hypothetical initial level With respect to the NDX Index, 60.00, which is 60% of its hypothetical initial level With respect to the SPX Index, 60.00, which is 60% of its hypothetical initial level
<b>Contingent coupon:</b>	7.95% <i>per annum</i> (corresponding to approximately \$6.625 per interest period per security). The actual contingent coupon will be an amount determined by the calculation agent based on the number of days in the applicable payment period, calculated on a 30/360 day-count basis. The hypothetical contingent coupon of \$6.625 is used in these examples for ease of analysis.

\*The hypothetical initial level of 100.00 for each underlier has been chosen for illustrative purposes only and does not represent the actual initial level of any underlier. Please see "Historical Information" below for historical data regarding the actual closing levels of the underliers.

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

How to determine whether a contingent coupon is payable with respect to an observation date (if the securities have not been previously redeemed):

	Closing Level of the INDU Index	Closing Level of the NDX Index	Closing Level of the SPX Index	Payment per Security
Hypothetical Observation Date #1	125.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its coupon barrier level)	110.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its coupon barrier level)	115.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its coupon barrier level)	\$6.625
Hypothetical Observation Date #2	110.00 ( <b>greater than or equal to</b> its coupon barrier level)	55.00 ( <b>less than</b> its coupon barrier level)	45.00 ( <b>less than</b> its coupon barrier level)	\$0
Hypothetical Observation Date #3	65.00 ( <b>less than</b> its coupon barrier level)	35.00 ( <b>less than</b> its coupon barrier level)	20.00 ( <b>less than</b> its coupon barrier level)	\$0

On hypothetical observation date #1, because the closing level of **each** underlier is **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level, the contingent coupon is paid on the related coupon payment date.

On hypothetical observation date #2, because the closing level of **at least one** underlier is **less than** its coupon barrier level, no contingent coupon is paid on the related coupon payment date.

On hypothetical observation date #3, because the closing level of **each** underlier is **less than** its coupon barrier level, no contingent coupon is paid on the related coupon payment date.

**If the closing level of any underlier is less than its coupon barrier level on each observation date, you will not receive any contingent coupons for the entire term of the securities.**

Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

How to calculate the payment at maturity (if the securities have not been redeemed prior to maturity):

The hypothetical examples below illustrate how to calculate the payment at maturity if we do not redeem the securities based on the output of a risk neutral valuation model prior to maturity.

	Final Level of the INDU Index	Final Level of the NDX Index	Final Level of the SPX Index	Payment at Maturity per Security
Example #1	110.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its downside threshold level)	105.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its downside threshold level)	115.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its downside threshold level)	\$1,000 + \$6.625 (the stated principal amount + the contingent coupon with respect to the final observation date)  For more information, please see “How to determine whether a contingent coupon is payable with respect to an observation date (if the securities have not been previously redeemed)” above.
Example #2	100.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its downside threshold level)	45.00 ( <b>less than</b> its downside threshold level)	105.00 ( <b>greater than or equal</b> to its downside threshold level)	$\$1,000 \times$ performance factor of the worst performing underlier = $\$1,000 \times (45.00 / 100.00) = \$450.00$
Example #3	35.00 ( <b>less than</b> its downside threshold level)	20.00 ( <b>less than</b> its downside threshold level)	40.00 ( <b>less than</b> its downside threshold level)	$\$1,000 \times (20.00 / 100.00) = \$200.00$

In example #1, the final level of **each** underlier is **greater than or equal to** its downside threshold level. Therefore, investors receive at maturity the stated principal amount. Because the final level of **each** underlier is also **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level, investors receive the contingent coupon with respect to the final observation date. Investors do not participate in any appreciation of any underlier.

In examples #2 and #3, the final level of **at least one** underlier is **less than** its downside threshold level. Therefore, investors receive at maturity a payment that reflects a loss of 1% of principal for each 1% decline in the level of the worst performing underlier. Moreover, because the final level of **at least one** underlier is also **less than** its coupon barrier level, investors do not receive a contingent coupon with respect to the final observation date.

**If the securities have not been redeemed prior to maturity and the final level of any underlier is less than its downside threshold level, you will be exposed to the negative performance of the worst performing underlier at maturity, and your payment at maturity will be significantly less than the stated principal amount of the securities and could be zero.**

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

## Risk Factors

*This section describes the material risks relating to the securities. For further discussion of these and other risks, you should read the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the accompanying product supplement and prospectus. We also urge you to consult with your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers in connection with your investment in the securities.*

### Risks Relating to an Investment in the Securities

- **The securities do not guarantee the return of any principal.** The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that they do not guarantee the repayment of any principal. If the securities have not been redeemed prior to maturity and the final level of **any** underlier is **less than** its downside threshold level, the payout at maturity will be an amount in cash that is significantly less than the stated principal amount of each security, and you will lose an amount proportionate to the full decline in the level of the worst performing underlier over the term of the securities. **There is no minimum payment at maturity on the securities, and, accordingly, you could lose your entire initial investment in the securities.**
- **The securities do not provide for the regular payment of interest.** The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that they do not provide for the regular payment of interest. Instead, the securities will pay a contingent coupon on a coupon payment date **but only if** the closing level of **each** underlier is **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level on the related observation date. However, if the closing level of **any** underlier is **less than** its coupon barrier level on any observation date, we will pay no coupon with respect to the applicable interest period. It is possible that the closing level of an underlier will remain below its coupon barrier level for extended periods of time or even throughout the entire term of the securities so that you will receive few or no contingent coupons. If you do not earn sufficient contingent coupons over the term of the securities, the overall return on the securities may be less than the amount that would be paid on a conventional debt security of ours of comparable maturity.
- **Payment of the contingent coupon is based on the closing levels of the underliers on only the related observation date at the end of the related interest period.** Whether the contingent coupon will be paid on any coupon payment date will be determined at the end of the related interest period based on the closing level of each underlier on the related observation date. As a result, you will not know whether you will receive the contingent coupon on a coupon payment date until near the end of the relevant interest period. Moreover, because the contingent coupon is based solely on the closing levels of the underliers on the observation dates, if the closing level of **any** underlier on any observation date is **less than** its coupon barrier level, you will receive no coupon with respect to the related interest period, even if the closing level of such underlier was **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level on other days during that interest period and even if the closing levels of the other underliers are **greater than or equal to** their coupon barrier levels on such observation date.
- **Investors will not participate in any appreciation in the value of any underlier.** Investors will not participate in any appreciation in the value of any underlier from the strike date to the final observation date, and the return on the securities will be limited to the contingent coupons that are paid with respect to the observation dates on which the closing level of **each** underlier is **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level. It is possible that the closing level of an underlier will remain below its coupon barrier level for extended periods of time or even throughout the entire term of the securities so that you will receive few or no contingent coupons.
- **The securities are subject to early redemption risk.** The term of your investment in the securities will be shortened if we redeem the securities based on the output of a risk neutral valuation model on any redemption date. In accordance with the risk neutral valuation model determination noted herein, it is more likely that we will redeem the securities when it would be advantageous for you to continue to hold them. As such, we will be more likely to redeem the securities when not redeeming the securities would result in an amount of interest payable on the securities that is greater than instruments of a comparable maturity and credit rating trading in the market. In other words, we will be more likely to redeem the securities at a time when the securities are paying an above-market coupon. If we redeem the securities prior to maturity, you will receive no further payments on the securities, may be forced to invest in a lower interest rate environment and may not be able to reinvest at comparable terms or returns.

On the other hand, we will be less likely to redeem the securities when the closing level of **any** underlier is **less than** its coupon barrier level and/or when the final level of **any** underlier is expected to be **less than** its downside threshold level, such that you will receive no contingent coupons and/or suffer a significant loss on your initial investment in the securities at maturity. Therefore, if we do not redeem the securities prior to maturity, it is more likely that you will receive few or no contingent coupons and suffer a significant loss at maturity. Under no circumstances will we redeem the securities prior to the first redemption date.

- **The market price of the securities may be influenced by many unpredictable factors.** Several factors, many of which are beyond our control, will influence the value of the securities in the secondary market and the price at which MS & Co. may be willing to purchase or sell the securities in the secondary market. We expect that generally the value of each underlier at any time will affect the value of the securities more than any other single factor. Other factors that may influence the value of the securities include:
  - the volatility (frequency and magnitude of changes in value) of the underliers;

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

- interest and yield rates in the market;
- the level of correlation between the underliers;
- geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the underliers or equity markets generally;
- the availability of comparable instruments;
- the composition of each underlier and changes in the component securities of each underlier;
- the time remaining until the securities mature; and
- any actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads.

Some or all of these factors will influence the price that you will receive if you sell your securities prior to maturity. Generally, the longer the time remaining to maturity, the more the market price of the securities will be affected by the other factors described above. For example, you may have to sell your securities at a substantial discount from the stated principal amount if, at the time of sale, the closing level of **any** underlier is at, below or not sufficiently above its downside threshold level and/or coupon barrier level, or if market interest rates rise.

You can review the historical closing levels of the underliers in the section of this document called “Historical Information.” You cannot predict the future performance of an underlier based on its historical performance. The values of the underliers may be, and have recently been, volatile, and we can give you no assurance that the volatility will lessen. There can be no assurance that the closing level of **each** underlier will be **greater than or equal to** its coupon barrier level on any observation date so that you will receive a contingent coupon with respect to the applicable interest period, or that the final level of **each** underlier will be **greater than or equal to** its downside threshold level so that you do not suffer a significant loss on your initial investment in the securities.

- **The securities are subject to our credit risk, and any actual or anticipated changes to our credit ratings or credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the securities.** You are dependent on our ability to pay all amounts due on the securities, and, therefore, you are subject to our credit risk. The securities are not guaranteed by any other entity. If we default on our obligations under the securities, your investment would be at risk and you could lose some or all of your investment. As a result, the market value of the securities prior to maturity will be affected by changes in the market’s view of our creditworthiness. Any actual or anticipated decline in our credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the securities.
- **As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations and will have no independent assets.** As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations beyond the issuance and administration of its securities and will have no independent assets available for distributions to holders of MSFL securities if they make claims in respect of such securities in a bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding. Accordingly, any recoveries by such holders will be limited to those available under the related guarantee by Morgan Stanley and that guarantee will rank *pari passu* with all other unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Morgan Stanley. Holders will have recourse only to a single claim against Morgan Stanley and its assets under the guarantee. Holders of securities issued by MSFL should accordingly assume that in any such proceedings they would not have any priority over and should be treated *pari passu* with the claims of other unsecured, unsubordinated creditors of Morgan Stanley, including holders of Morgan Stanley-issued securities.
- **The rate we are willing to pay for securities of this type, maturity and issuance size is likely to be lower than the rate implied by our secondary market credit spreads and advantageous to us. Both the lower rate and the inclusion of costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities in the original issue price reduce the economic terms of the securities, cause the estimated value of the securities to be less than the original issue price and will adversely affect secondary market prices.** Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the prices, if any, at which dealers, including MS & Co., may be willing to purchase the securities in secondary market transactions will likely be significantly lower than the original issue price, because secondary market prices will exclude the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging-related costs that are included in the original issue price and borne by you and because the secondary market prices will reflect our secondary market credit spreads and the bid-offer spread that any dealer would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type as well as other factors.

The inclusion of the costs of issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities in the original issue price and the lower rate we are willing to pay as issuer make the economic terms of the securities less favorable to you than they otherwise would be.

However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the securities in the secondary market during the amortization period specified herein, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underliers, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value, and we expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

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### Principal at Risk Securities

- **The estimated value of the securities is determined by reference to our pricing and valuation models, which may differ from those of other dealers and is not a maximum or minimum secondary market price.** These pricing and valuation models are proprietary and rely in part on subjective views of certain market inputs and certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, because there is no market-standard way to value these types of securities, our models may yield a higher estimated value of the securities than those generated by others, including other dealers in the market, if they attempted to value the securities. In addition, the estimated value on the pricing date does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which dealers, including MS & Co., would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your securities at any time after the date of this document will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including our creditworthiness and changes in market conditions. See also “The market price of the securities may be influenced by many unpredictable factors” above.
- **The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited.** The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the securities. MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time. When it does make a market, it will generally do so for transactions of routine secondary market size at prices based on its estimate of the current value of the securities, taking into account its bid/offer spread, our credit spreads, market volatility, the notional size of the proposed sale, the cost of unwinding any related hedging positions, the time remaining to maturity and the likelihood that it will be able to resell the securities. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the securities easily. Since other broker-dealers may not participate significantly in the secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to transact. If, at any time, MS & Co. were to cease making a market in the securities, it is likely that there would be no secondary market for the securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your securities to maturity.
- **As discussed in more detail in the accompanying product supplement, investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing in the underlier(s).**
- **The U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities are uncertain.** There is no direct legal authority regarding the proper U.S. federal income tax treatment of the securities, and significant aspects of the tax treatment of the securities are uncertain. Moreover, non-U.S. investors should note that persons having withholding responsibility in respect of the securities are, absent an exception, expected to withhold on any coupon paid to a non-U.S. investor, generally at a rate of 30%. We will not pay any additional amounts in respect of such withholding. You should review carefully the section entitled “United States Federal Income Tax Considerations” herein, in combination with the section entitled “United States Federal Income Tax Considerations” in the accompanying product supplement, and consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities.

### Risks Relating to the Underlier(s)

- ***Because your return on the securities will depend upon the performance of the underlier(s), in addition to any risks described further below, the securities are subject to the following risk(s) discussed in more detail in the accompanying product supplement.***
  - You are exposed to the price risk of each underlier.
  - **Because the securities are linked to the performance of the worst performing underlier, you are exposed to a greater risk of not receiving a positive return on the securities and/or sustaining a significant loss on your investment than if the securities were linked to just one underlier.**
  - Adjustments to an underlying index could adversely affect the value of the securities.

### Risks Relating to Conflicts of Interest

*In engaging in certain activities described below and as discussed in more detail in the accompanying product supplement, our affiliates may take actions that may adversely affect the value of and your return on the securities, and in so doing they will have no obligation to consider your interests as an investor in the securities.*

- **The calculation agent, which is a subsidiary of Morgan Stanley and an affiliate of MSFL, will make determinations with respect to the securities.** As calculation agent, MS & Co. will make any determinations necessary to calculate any payment(s) on the securities. Moreover, certain determinations made by MS & Co., in its capacity as calculation agent, may require it to exercise discretion and make subjective judgments, which may adversely affect your return on the securities. In addition, MS & Co. has determined the estimated value of the securities on the pricing date.
- **Hedging and trading activity by our affiliates could potentially adversely affect the value of the securities.**

Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

Historical Information

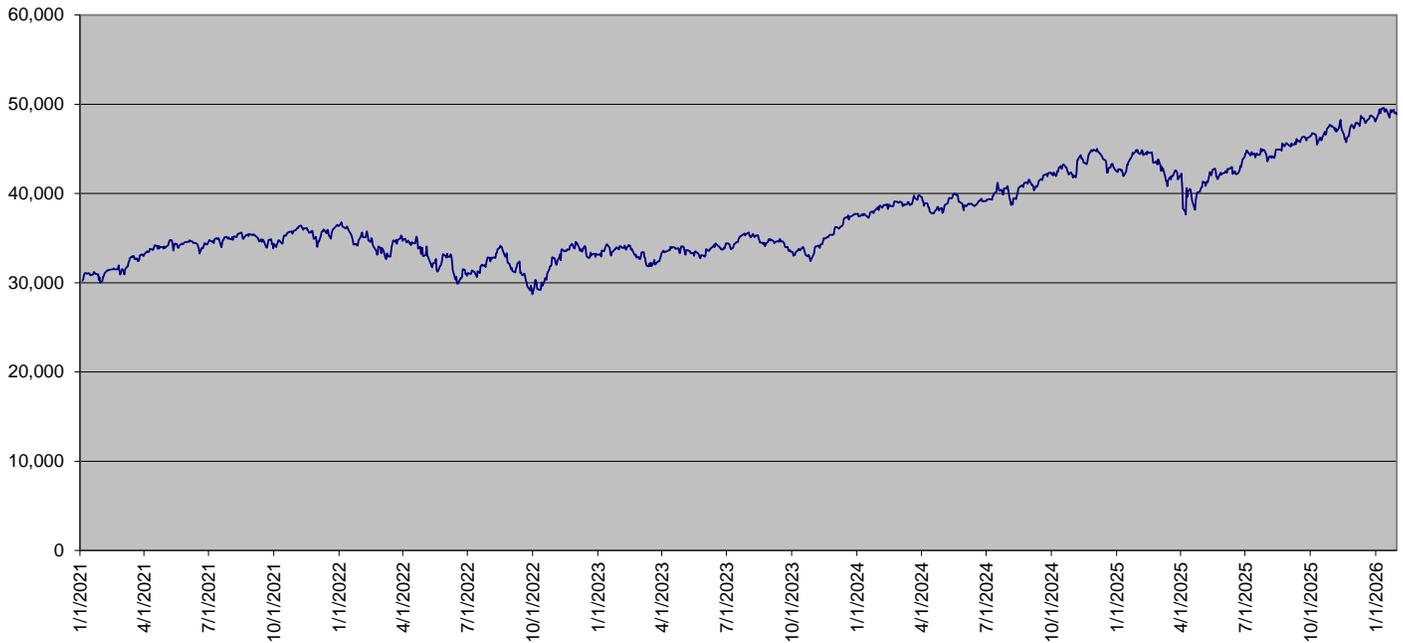
Dow Jones Industrial Average<sup>SM</sup> Overview

Bloomberg Ticker Symbol: INDU

The Dow Jones Industrial Average<sup>SM</sup> is a price-weighted index composed of 30 common stocks selected as representative of the broad market of U.S. industry, excluding transportation and utilities. The underlying index publisher with respect to the Dow Jones Industrial Average<sup>SM</sup> is S&P<sup>®</sup> Dow Jones Indices LLC, or any successor thereof. For additional information about the Dow Jones Industrial Average<sup>SM</sup>, see the information set forth under “Dow Jones Industrial Average<sup>SM</sup>” in the accompanying index supplement.

The closing level of the INDU Index on January 30, 2026 was 48,892.47. The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the underlier for the period noted below. We obtained the historical information presented in this document from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The underlier has at times experienced periods of high volatility. You should not take the historical closing levels of the underlier as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the closing level of the underlier at any time.

INDU Index Daily Closing Levels  
January 1, 2021 to January 30, 2026



Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

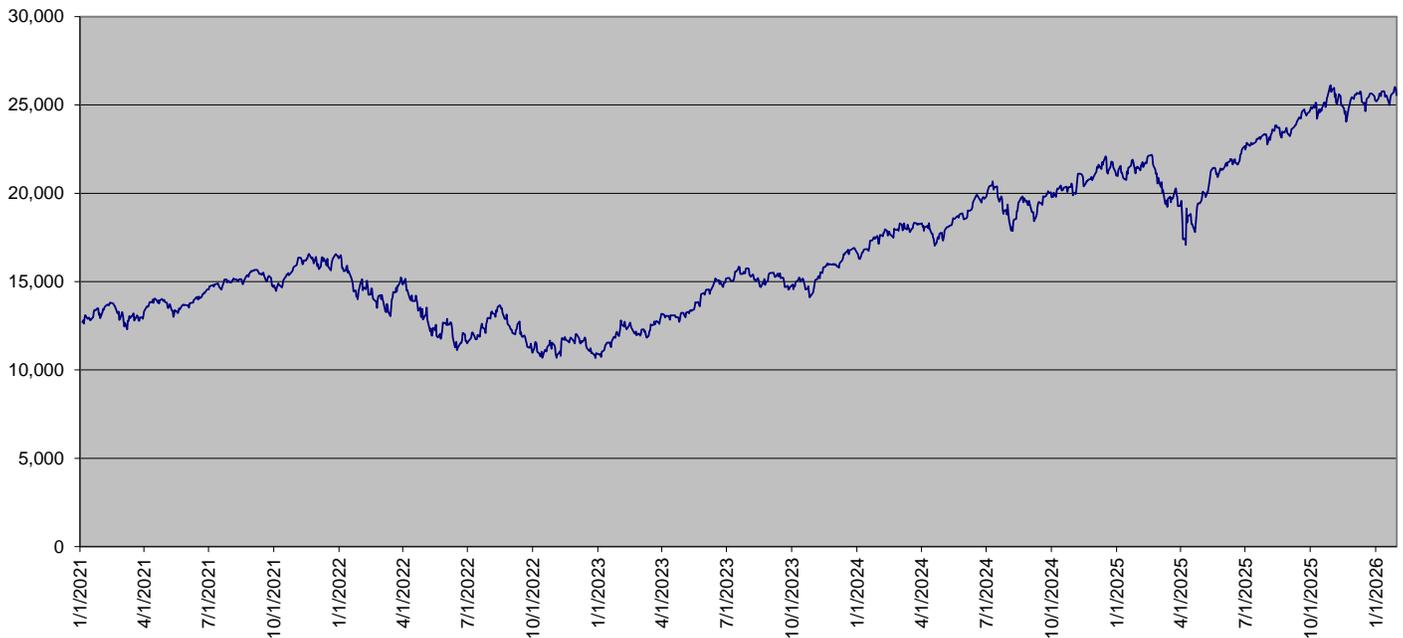
Nasdaq-100 Index® Overview

Bloomberg Ticker Symbol: NDX

The Nasdaq-100 Index® is a modified capitalization-weighted index of 100 of the largest and most actively traded equity securities of non-financial companies listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (the “Nasdaq”). The underlying index publisher with respect to the Nasdaq-100 Index® is Nasdaq, Inc., or any successor thereof. The Nasdaq-100 Index® includes companies across a variety of major industry groups. At any moment in time, the value of the Nasdaq-100 Index® equals the aggregate value of the then-current Nasdaq-100 Index® share weights of each of the Nasdaq-100 Index® component securities, which are based on the total shares outstanding of each such Nasdaq-100 Index® component security, multiplied by each such security’s respective last sale price on the Nasdaq (which may be the official closing price published by the Nasdaq), and divided by a scaling factor, which becomes the basis for the reported Nasdaq-100 Index® value. For additional information about the Nasdaq-100 Index®, see the information set forth under “Nasdaq-100 Index®” in the accompanying index supplement.

The closing level of the NDX Index on January 30, 2026 was 25,552.39. The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the underlier for the period noted below. We obtained the historical information presented in this document from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The underlier has at times experienced periods of high volatility. You should not take the historical closing levels of the underlier as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the closing level of the underlier at any time.

NDX Index Daily Closing Levels  
January 1, 2021 to January 30, 2026



Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

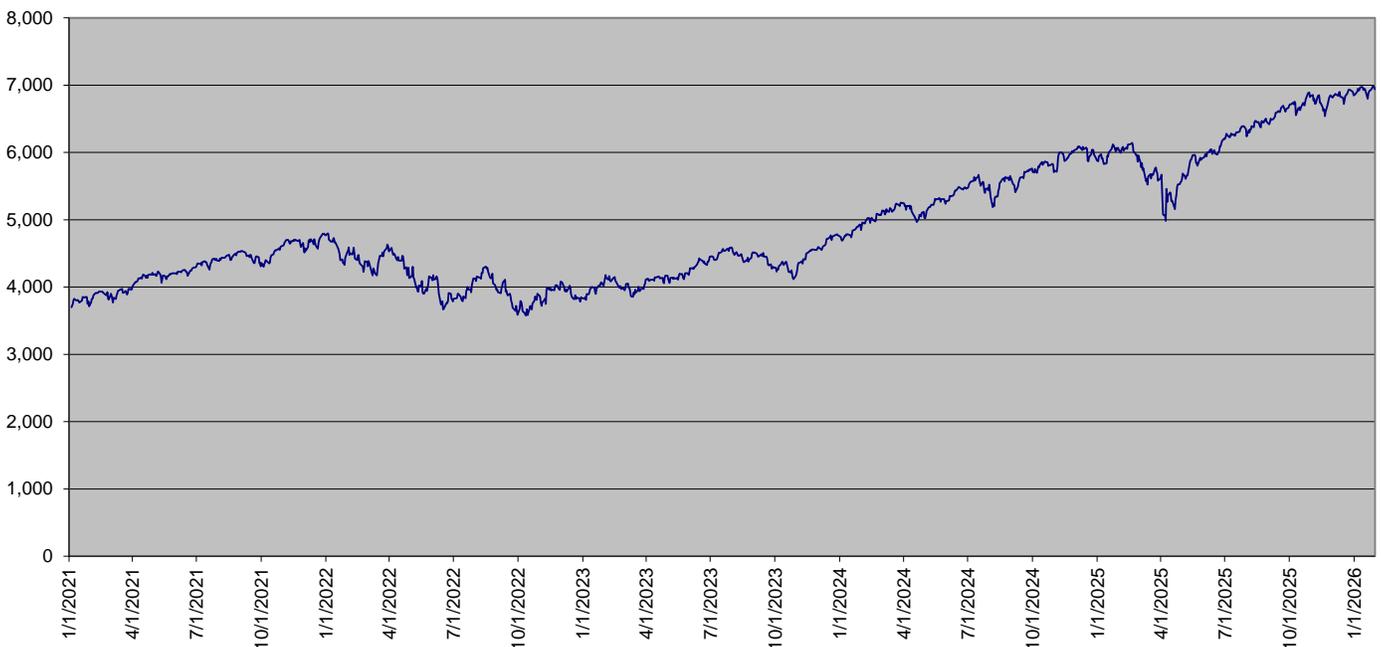
S&P 500® Index Overview

Bloomberg Ticker Symbol: SPX

The S&P 500® Index is intended to provide a benchmark for performance measurement of the large capitalization segment of the U.S. equity markets by tracking the stock price movement of 500 companies with large market capitalizations. The underlying index publisher with respect to the S&P 500® Index is S&P® Dow Jones Indices LLC, or any successor thereof. Component stocks of the S&P 500® Index are required to have a total company level market capitalization that reflects approximately the 85<sup>th</sup> percentile of the S&P® Total Market Index. The S&P 500® Index measures the relative performance of the common stocks of 500 companies as of a particular time as compared to the performance of the common stocks of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. For additional information about the S&P 500® Index, see the information set forth under “S&P® U.S. Indices—S&P 500® Index” in the accompanying index supplement.

The closing level of the SPX Index on January 30, 2026 was 6,939.03. The following graph sets forth the daily closing levels of the underlier for the period noted below. We obtained the historical information presented in this document from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The underlier has at times experienced periods of high volatility. You should not take the historical closing levels of the underlier as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the closing level of the underlier at any time.

SPX Index Daily Closing Levels  
January 1, 2021 to January 30, 2026



## Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

### Additional Terms of the Securities

Please read this information in conjunction with the terms on the cover of this document.

#### Additional Terms:

If the terms described herein are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying product supplement, index supplement or prospectus, the terms described herein shall control.

<b>Denominations:</b>	\$1,000 per security and integral multiples thereof
<b>Day-count convention:</b>	Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.
<b>Interest period:</b>	The period from and including the original issue date (in the case of the first interest period) or the previous scheduled coupon payment date, as applicable, to but excluding the following scheduled coupon payment date, with no adjustment for any postponement thereof.
<b>Amortization period:</b>	The 6-month period following the issue date
<b>Trustee:</b>	The Bank of New York Mellon
<b>Calculation agent:</b>	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("MS & Co.")

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

Principal at Risk Securities

## Additional Information About the Securities

## Additional Information:

**Minimum ticketing size:** \$1,000 / 1 security

**United States federal income tax considerations:**

You should review carefully the section in the accompanying product supplement entitled “United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.” The following discussion, when read in combination with that section, constitutes the full opinion of our counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, regarding the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning and disposing of the securities.

Generally, this discussion assumes that you purchased the securities for cash in the original issuance at the stated issue price and does not address other circumstances specific to you, including consequences that may arise due to any other investments relating to an underlier. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the effect any such circumstances may have on the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your ownership of a security.

In the opinion of our counsel, which is based on current market conditions, it is reasonable to treat the securities for U.S. federal income tax purposes as prepaid financial contracts with associated coupons, and any coupons as ordinary income, as described in the section entitled “United States Federal Income Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders—Securities Treated as Prepaid Financial Contracts with Associated Coupons” in the accompanying product supplement. There is uncertainty regarding this treatment, and the IRS or a court might not agree with it. Moreover, because this treatment of the securities and our counsel’s opinion are based on market conditions as of the date of this preliminary pricing supplement, each is subject to confirmation on the pricing date. A different tax treatment could be adverse to you.

We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the treatment of the securities. An alternative characterization of the securities could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the securities, including the timing and character of income recognized. In particular, there is a risk that the securities could be characterized as debt instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes, in which case the tax consequences of an investment in the securities could be different from those described herein and possibly adverse to certain investors. In addition, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS have requested comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar financial instruments and have indicated that such transactions may be the subject of future regulations or other guidance. Furthermore, members of Congress have proposed legislative changes to the tax treatment of derivative contracts. Any legislation, Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the securities, possibly with retroactive effect.

**Non-U.S. Holders.** The U.S. federal income tax treatment of the coupons is unclear. To the extent that we have withholding responsibility in respect of the securities, we would expect generally to treat the coupons paid to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined in the accompanying product supplement) as subject to U.S. withholding tax. Moreover, you should expect that, if the applicable withholding agent determines that withholding tax should apply, it will be at a rate of 30% (or lower treaty rate). In order to claim an exemption from, or a reduction in, the 30% withholding under an applicable treaty, you may need to comply with certification requirements to establish that you are not a U.S. person and are eligible for such an exemption or reduction under an applicable tax treaty. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the tax treatment of the coupons.

As discussed under “United States Federal Income Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders—Dividend Equivalents under Section 871(m) of the Code” in the accompanying product supplement, Section 871(m) of the Internal Revenue Code and Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder (“Section 871(m)”) generally impose a 30% withholding tax on dividend equivalents paid or deemed paid to Non-U.S. Holders with respect to certain financial instruments linked to U.S. equities or indices that include U.S. equities. The Treasury regulations, as modified by an IRS notice, exempt financial instruments issued prior to January 1, 2027 that do not have a “delta” of one. Based on certain determinations made by us, we expect that Section 871(m) will not apply to the securities with regard to Non-U.S. Holders. Our determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. If necessary, further information regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) will be provided in the final pricing supplement for the securities.

We will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to U.S. federal withholding taxes.

You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities, including possible alternative treatments, as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

## Callable Contingent Income Securities

### Principal at Risk Securities

#### Additional considerations:

Client accounts over which Morgan Stanley, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management or any of their respective subsidiaries have investment discretion are not permitted to purchase the securities, either directly or indirectly.

#### Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest:

MS & Co. expects to sell all of the securities that it purchases from us to an unaffiliated dealer at a price of \$ per security, for further sale to certain fee-based advisory accounts at the price to public of \$1,000 per security. MS & Co. will not receive a sales commission with respect to the securities.

MS & Co. is an affiliate of MSFL and a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley, and it and other affiliates of ours expect to make a profit by selling, structuring and, when applicable, hedging the securities.

MS & Co. will conduct this offering in compliance with the requirements of FINRA Rule 5121 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., which is commonly referred to as FINRA, regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. MS & Co. or any of our other affiliates may not make sales in this offering to any discretionary account. See "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" and "Use of Proceeds and Hedging" in the accompanying product supplement.

#### Where you can find more information:

Morgan Stanley and MSFL have filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, as supplemented by the product supplement and the index supplement) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") for the offering to which this communication relates. You should read the prospectus in that registration statement, the product supplement, the index supplement and any other documents relating to this offering that MSFL and Morgan Stanley have filed with the SEC for more complete information about Morgan Stanley and this offering. When you read the accompanying index supplement, please note that all references in such supplement to the prospectus dated November 16, 2023, or to any sections therein, should refer instead to the accompanying prospectus dated April 12, 2024 or to the corresponding sections of such prospectus, as applicable. You may get these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Alternatively, MSFL, Morgan Stanley, any underwriter or any dealer participating in the offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, the index supplement and the product supplement if you so request by calling toll-free 1-(800)-584-6837.

Terms used but not defined in this document are defined in the product supplement, in the index supplement or in the prospectus. Each of the product supplement, the index supplement and the prospectus can be accessed via the hyperlinks set forth on the cover of this document.